



Grandstream Networks, Inc.

How to Interconnect Multiple UCM6XXX series IP PBX



Table of Contents

OVERVIEW	3
CONNECTING TWO UCM6XXX USING PEER SIP TRUNK	4
Create Peer SIP trunk on UCM6XXX	4
Configure Outbound Rule On UCM6XXX	6
Configure Inbound Rule On UCM6XXX	7

Table of Figures

Figure 1: SIP Trunk - Create New SIP Trunk	4
Figure 2: SIP Trunk - Set Enable Qualify	5
Figure 3: SIP Trunk - Trunk Status	5
Figure 4: Outbound Rule - Create New Outbound Rule	7
Figure 5: Inbound Rule - Create New Inbound Rule	8

OVERVIEW

This document describes basic configuration to interconnect two UCM6XXX series. In this example, we will be using two UCM6202. The two locations that will be used as example are Boston, MA and Los Angeles, CA. The following methodology can be used for all UCM6XXX series. This is typically applied to the scenario where users would like to have UCM6XXX share trunks as well as call from one UCM6XXX extension to the other. Also, we need to make sure to separate extension ranges on each location.

Note: UCM6XXX series include UCM6100 series (UCM6102, UCM6104, UCM6108 and UCM6116), UCM6200 series (UCM6202, UCM6204 and UCM6208) and UCM6510.

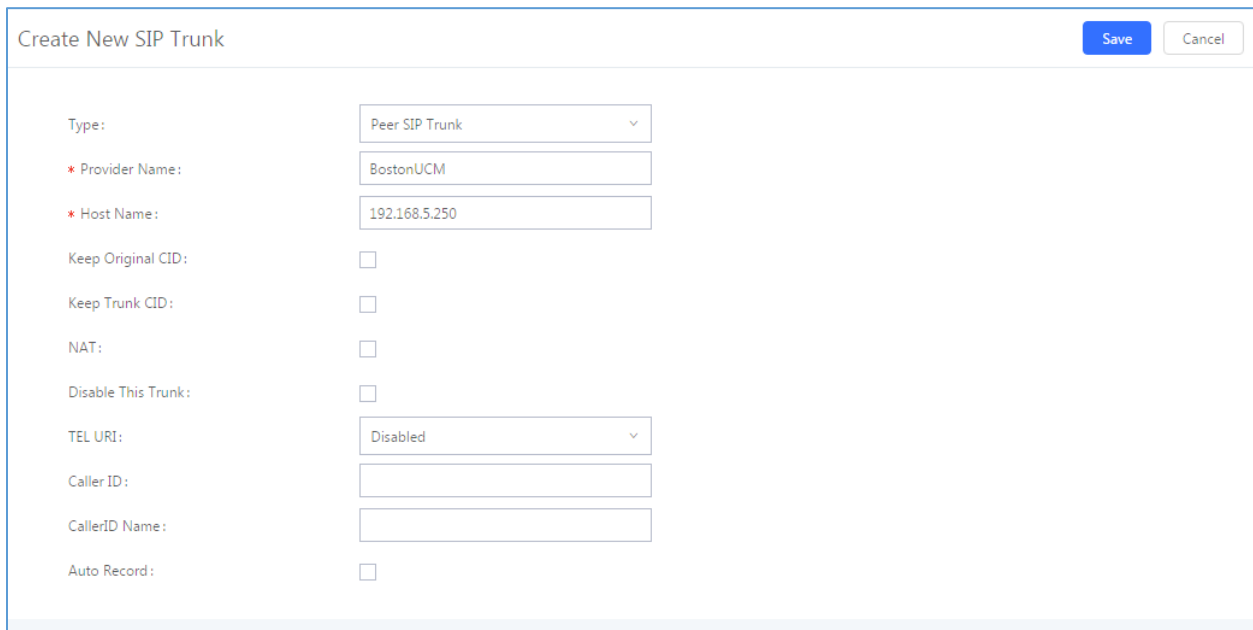
CONNECTING TWO UCM6XXX USING PEER SIP TRUNK

Create Peer SIP trunk on UCM6XXX

On the first UCM (Los Angeles UCM6XXX) web GUI, create a Peer SIP Trunk by navigating to **Extension/Trunk**→**VoIP Trunks** and click on “Create New SIP Trunk”.

In the “Create New SIP Trunk” screen:

- Select “Peer SIP Trunk” for Type.
- Enter a reference name for Provider Name. This is mainly for reference. In this example BostonUCM is used.
- For Host Name enter the IP address or domain name of the second UCM (Boston UCM6XXX). In this case 192.168.6.250 is the IP address of Boston UCM.
- Click Save when done.



Create New SIP Trunk

Type: Peer SIP Trunk

* Provider Name: BostonUCM

* Host Name: 192.168.5.250

Keep Original CID:

Keep Trunk CID:

NAT:

Disable This Trunk:

TEL URI: Disabled


Caller ID:

CallerID Name:

Auto Record:

Save Cancel

Figure 1: SIP Trunk - Create New SIP Trunk

- After clicking save the new VoIP trunk will be displayed under **Extension / Trunk**→**VoIP Trunks**. Click the edit pen  .
- Locate the option labeled Enable Heartbeat Detection and enable this option by clicking the check box. This is a SIP option that allows the first UCM to monitor the status of the second UCM:

Edit SIP Trunk: BostonUCM Save Cancel

Basic Settings **Advanced Settings**

Codec Preference:

9 items Available Codecs	6 items Selected Codecs
<input type="checkbox"/> G.722	<input type="checkbox"/> PCMU
<input type="checkbox"/> AAL2-G.726-32	<input type="checkbox"/> PCMA
<input type="checkbox"/> ADPCM	<input type="checkbox"/> GSM
<input type="checkbox"/> G.723	<input type="checkbox"/> G.726
<input type="checkbox"/> H.263	<input type="checkbox"/> G.729

Send PPI Header:

Send PAI Header:

DID Mode: Request-line

DTMF Mode: Default

Enable Heartbeat Detection:

* The Maximum Number of Call Lines: 0

Fax Mode: None

SRTP: Disabled

Sync LDAP Enable:

CC Settings

Enable CC:

Figure 2: SIP Trunk - Set Enable Qualify

- Click Save when done.

Once the trunk has been created and **Enable Heartbeat Detection** is set, users can view the status of the peered trunk by navigating to **System Status**→**Dashboard** page.

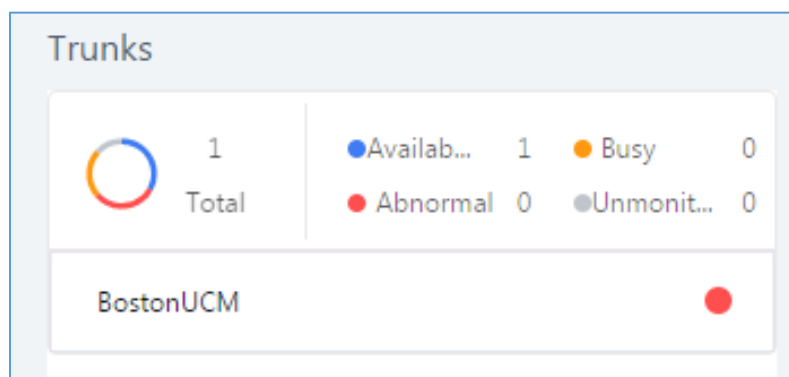


Figure 3: SIP Trunk - Trunk Status

If the status of the trunk displays “Unreachable” it means that Los Angeles UCM and Boston UCM are unable to reach each other. Ensure physical connectivity of both devices. Also verify that from Los Angeles network Boston UCM is responding to ping and vice versa.

Note: The steps above will need to be performed on Boston UCM as well. When configuring Boston UCM, set the Peered SIP Trunk host name to Los Angeles UCM IP or domain.

Configure Outbound Rule On UCM6XXX

On the Los Angeles UCM6XXX web GUI, go to **Extension / Trunk→Outbound Routes** to create a new outbound rule. This would allow the extension on Los Angeles UCM to reach extensions on Boston UCM.

Here's what to configure:

- **Calling Rule Name:** This is for reference purposes so we chose to use “toBostonUCM”.
- **Pattern:** the pattern used in this example was 1XX since Boston UCM is using an extension range of 100-199.
- **Privilege Level:** configured as “Internal”. This can be changed to regulate which users can make outbound calls through this particular route.
- **User Trunk:** Since we are configuring Los Angeles UCM, we will select SIP Peer Trunk – BostonUCM.
- Click on Save.

Create New Outbound Rule Save Cancel

* Calling Rule Name: * Pattern:

Disable This Route: PIN Groups:

Password: Privilege Level:

Enable Filter on Source Caller ID

Enable Filter on Source Caller ID:

Call Duration Limit

Call Duration Limit:

Send This Call Through Trunk

* Use Trunk:

Strip:

Prepend:

Use Failover Trunk

Trunks	Strip	Prepend	Options
No Data			

Time Condition

Warning: Setting privilege level at "Disabled" will lead to this rule being usable only by a matched Source Caller ID.

Figure 4: Outbound Rule - Create New Outbound Rule

In this example, "_1XX" means that when a user on Los Angeles UCM dials a 3-digit number that has a leading "1" it will use this route and send the call out to Boston UCM.

Note: These steps will be also applied when configuring the outbound route from Boston UCM to Los Angeles UCM. The only difference in the configuration is the Pattern and the Use Trunk. Since the Los Angeles UCM has an extension range of 200-299, then the Boston UCM would configure the outbound route Pattern as "_2XX".

Configure Inbound Rule On UCM6XXX

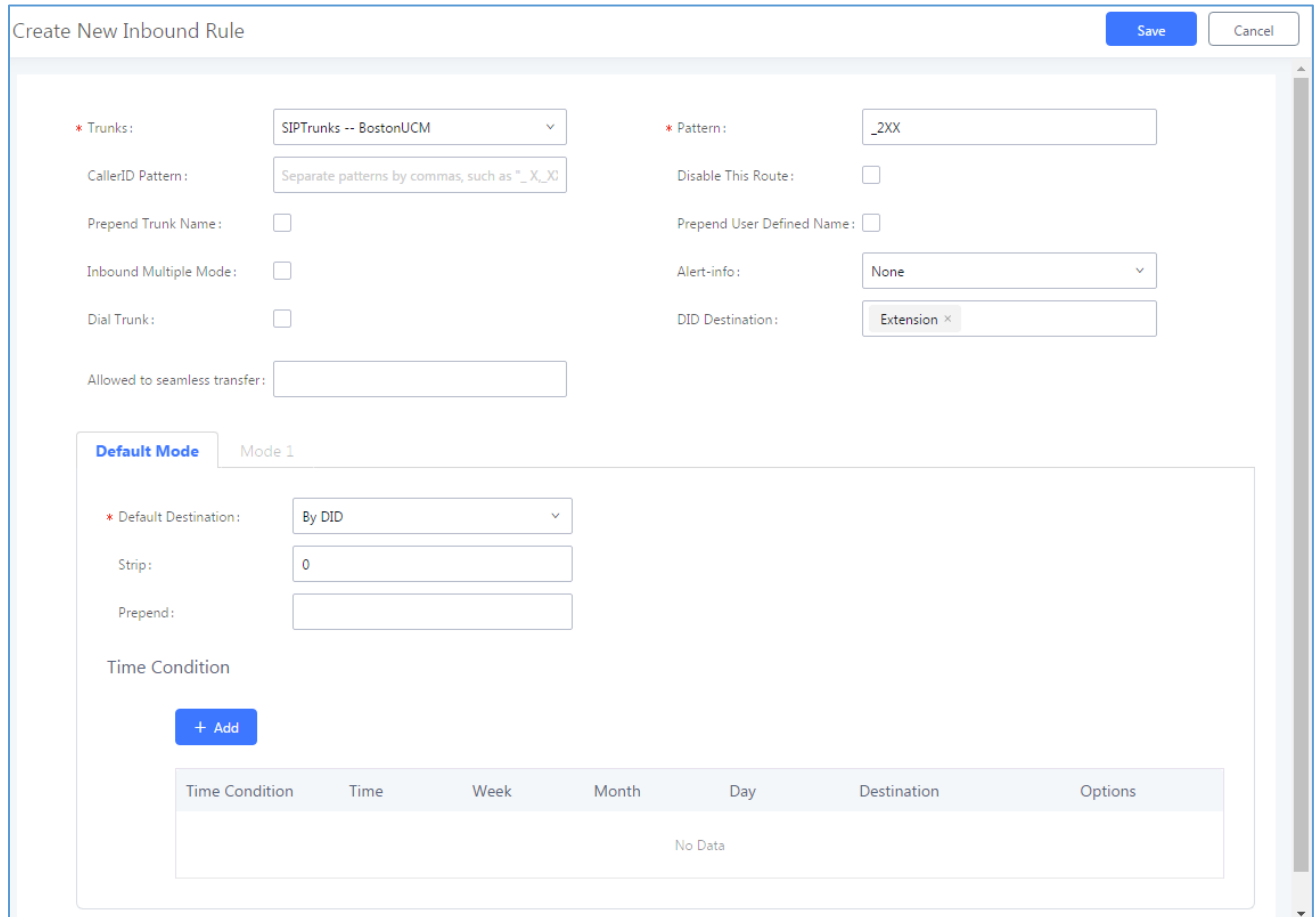
To configure the Inbound Rule, navigate to the web GUI; go to **Extension / Trunk→Inbound Routes** to create a new inbound rule.

For this example, Los Angeles UCM inbound rule needs be configured so that when Boston UCM dials a Los Angeles UCM extension it will be routed to the specified user.



On Los Angeles UCM configure the following:

- **Trunks:** Select the BostonUCM trunk.
- **DID Pattern:** Enter in the pattern “_2XX”.
- **Privilege Level:** Internal.
- **Default Destination:** By DID.



The screenshot shows the 'Create New Inbound Rule' configuration window. The settings are as follows:

- * Trunks:** SIPTrunks -- BostonUCM
- * Pattern:** _2XX
- CallerID Pattern:** Separate patterns by commas, such as "_X_X"
- Disable This Route:**
- Prepend Trunk Name:**
- Prepend User Defined Name:**
- Inbound Multiple Mode:**
- Alert-info:** None
- Dial Trunk:**
- DID Destination:** Extension ×
- Allowed to seamless transfer:** [Empty field]

Default Mode Mode 1

- * Default Destination:** By DID
- Strip:** 0
- Prepend:** [Empty field]

Time Condition

+ Add

Time Condition	Time	Week	Month	Day	Destination	Options
No Data						

Figure 5: Inbound Rule - Create New Inbound Rule

With this inbound rule configured, if a user from Boston dials an extension anywhere between 200-299, it will send it over to Los Angeles UCM, then Los Angeles UCM will use the inbound rule above to determine where to route the call. In this case, the default destination is set to “By DID”, which will route the call based on the digits dialed by Boston user.

These steps will also be used to create an inbound rule on Boston UCM so that when a Los Angeles user dials a number that ranges from 100-199(Boston extensions range), it will be routed to a Boston user.

Here’s what to configure on Boston UCM Inbound Rule:

- **Trunks:** Select the LosAngelesUCM.
- **DID Pattern:** Enter in the pattern “_1XX”.
- **Privilege Level:** Internal.
- **Default Destination:** By DID.

